

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Q2009QF INTERPON A2203 BLACK SAND 7026

Section 1. Identification GHS product identifier : Q2009QF INTERPON A2203 BLACK SAND 7026 SDS code : 8256966 Q2009QF/20KG Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Identified uses

	Identifie	d uses	
Industrial use			
	Uses advise	ed against	
All other uses			
Product use	: Electrostatic coating for use	in industrial plants	
Supplier's details			
Akzo Nobel Coatir 150 Columbia Stre Reading, PA 1960	et		
1-610-372-3600			
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	accepted)	9300 (Inside the US) +1 (703) 527-3887 (Outside the enter Customer Service +1 (800)	
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification		
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered (29 CFR 1910.1200).	hazardous by the OSHA Hazard	Communication Standard
Classification of the substance or mixture	: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - SKIN SENSITIZATION - Ca GERM CELL MUTAGENICI CARCINOGENICITY - Cate SPECIFIC TARGET ORGA	tegory 1 TY - Category 1	SURE) - Category 1
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Danger	•	
Hazard statements	: May cause an allergic skin r Causes serious eye damage May cause genetic defects. Suspected of causing cance Causes damage to organs t May form combustible dust	e. er. hrough prolonged or repeated ex	posure. (lungs)
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
N,N',N''-[(2,4,6-trioxo-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5(2H,4H,6H)-triyl)tris[methylene (3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexane-3,1-diyl)]]tris[hexahydro-2-oxo-1H-azepine- 1-carboxamide]	≥10 - ≤25	68975-83-7
cobalt chromite blue green spinel	≤10	68187-11-1
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	<5	2451-62-9
aluminium powder (stabilised)	≤3	7429-90-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effec		
Eye contact	es serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	sure to airborne concent cause irritation of the nos	rations above statutory or recommended exposure limits se, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	cause an allergic skin rea	action.
Ingestion	nown significant effects o	r critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>		
Eye contact	rse symptoms may inclu ring ess	de the following:
Inhalation	rse symptoms may inclu ratory tract irritation hing	de the following:
Skin contact	rse symptoms may inclu or irritation ess ering may occur	de the following:
Ingestion	rse symptoms may inclu ach pains	Je the following:
Indication of immediate med	ntion and special treatn	<u>ient needed, if necessary</u>
Notes to physician		position products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. In to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	pecific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	ected that fumes are still contained breathing appa	ving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or ratus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to ation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water poves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)



Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

-	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.



Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
(3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexane-3	azine-1,3,5(2H,4H,6H)-triyl)tris[methylene ,1-diyl)]]tris[hexahydro-2-oxo-1H-azepine-		
1-carboxamide] cobalt chromite blue green spinel		OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). [Chromium (III) compounds (as Cr)] TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Cr) 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [chromium (III) compounds] TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as CR) 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Chromium (III) compounds] TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Cr) 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [cobalt and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.	
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [1,3,5-Triglycidyl-s-triazinetrione] TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
Aluminium powder (stabilized)		OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Notes: as Al TWA: 15 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Dust TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Al) 8 hours. Form:	
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Pyrophoric
TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Al) 8 hours. Form:
Respirable fraction
TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Al) 8 hours. Form:
Welding fume
OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Notes:
as Al
TWA: 15 mg/m³, (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Total
dust
NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable
fraction
TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total
ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
[Aluminum, metal and insoluble
compounds]
TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
fraction
OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Al) 8 hours. Form:
Respirable fraction

Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	 Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. 		
Individual protection measure	<u>95</u>		
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face eating, smoking and using the Appropriate techniques should Contaminated work clothing should	ce thoroughly after handling chemic lavatory and at the end of the worki be used to remove potentially cont hould not be allowed out of the work eusing. Ensure that eyewash static station location.	ng period. aminated clothing. place. Wash
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	worn at all times when handlin necessary. Considering the pa during use that the gloves are noted that the time to breakthr glove manufacturers. In the ca	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Other skin protection	based on the task being perfor	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/18/2023	Version : 3	
Date of previous issue	: 6/6/2023	6/13	AkzoNobel

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance Physical state : Solid. [Powder.] Color : Metallic. Odor : Odorless. : Not available. Odor threshold pН : Not applicable. [DIN EN 1262] Melting point/freezing point : Not available. Flammability : Not available. Lower and upper explosion : 20 - 70 g/m3 limit : Not available. Vapor pressure **Relative vapor density** : Not applicable. **Relative density** : 1.2 to 1.9 [ISO 8130-2/-3] Solubility(ies) 2 Media Result cold water Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)] Partition coefficient: n-: Not applicable. octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature : 450 to 600°C (842 to 1112°F) **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : 5 to 20 Minimum ignition energy (mJ) : Kinematic (room temperature): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219] Viscosity Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219] Particle characteristics : Not available. Median particle size Percentage of particles : 0 with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

		,
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Continu 44 Toxin		a signal information

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Mouse	2000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat Rat Rat	650 mg/m ³ 188 mg/kg 222 mg/kg 138 mg/kg	4 hours - - -

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
cobalt chromite blue green spinel	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

<u>Teratogenicity</u>

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/18/2023	Version : 3	
Date of previous issue	: 6/6/2023	8/13	AkzoNobel

Reproductive toxicity

Date of issue/Date of revision

Date of previous issue

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
[methylene(3,5,5-trimethylcy [hexahydro-2-oxo-1H-azepi		Category 1 Category 2	inhalation	lungs -
<u>Aspiration hazard</u> Not available.				
nformation on the likely outes of exposure	: Not available.			
Potential acute health effect	ts			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage	e.		
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne conce may cause irritation of the n			nended exposure limit
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin r	reaction.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects	s or critical hazar	ds.	
Symptoms related to the ph	ysical, chemical and toxicolog	ical characteris	<u>tics</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may inc pain watering redness	lude the following	g:	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may inc respiratory tract irritation coughing	lude the following	g:	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may inc pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	lude the following	g:	
Ingestion	 Adverse symptoms may inc stomach pains 	lude the following	g:	
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects fro	om short and lo	na term exposure	
Short term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Potential chronic health ef	<u>fects</u>			
Not available.				
General	: Causes damage to organs to prolonged inhalation of dust a severe allergic reaction m	may lead to chro	onic respiratory irrit	ation. Once sensitize
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cance exposure.	•		•
Mutagenicity	: May cause genetic defects.			

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Version : 3

9/13

AkzoNobel

: 9/18/2023

:6/6/2023

Section 11. Toxicological information

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
P5/Q2009QF/USA INTERPON A2203 RAL7026/BA 1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione	2068.7 100	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	10.3 0.5

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	Acute LC50 38000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1130 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Cobitidae - Fry	96 hours
	Acute LC50 260 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Ctenopharyngodon idella - Fry	96 hours
	Acute LC50 310 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Embryo	96 hours
	Acute LC50 160 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Embryo	96 hours
	Acute LC50 120 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Embryo	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum	3 days
	Chronic NOEC 9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum	3 days

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione	-0.8	-	low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.



Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States inventory Not determined. (TSCA 8b):

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable. SARA 311/312

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Classification

: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
 N',N''-[(2,4,6-trioxo- 1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5(2H,4H,6H)- triyl)tris[methylene (3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexane- 3,1-diyl)]]tris[hexahydro-2-oxo- 1H-azepine-1-carboxamide] 	≥10 - ≤25	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
cobalt chromite blue green spinel 1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione	≤10 <5	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
aluminium powder (stabilised)	≤3	FLAMMABLÉ SOLIDS - Category 1 SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES, WHICH IN CONTACT WITH WATER, EMIT FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 2

<u>SARA 313</u>

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements		68187-11-1 7429-90-5	≤10 ≤3
Supplier notification	5 1	68187-11-1 7429-90-5	≤10 ≤3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

- Massachusetts
 : The following components are listed: ALUMINUM
 - : None of the components are listed.
- New Jersey : The following components are listed: CHROMIUM COMPOUNDS; 1,3,5-TRIGLYCIDYLs-TRIAZINETRIONE; ALUMINUM
- Pennsylvania

New York

: The following components are listed: CHROMIUM COMPOUNDS

California Prop. 65

WARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	•	Maximum acceptable dosage level	Type of toxicity
titanium dioxide	-	-	Cancer

Inventory list

Canada

: Not determined.



Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		Justification			
COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method			
History	History				
Date of printing	9/18/2023				
Date of issue/ Date of revision	9/18/2023				
Date of previous issue	6/6/2023				
Version	3				
Unique ID					
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations				

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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