Interpon.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

KN309QF INTERPON 600 HR ON-X59 BLACK

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier	: KN309QF INTERPON 600 HR ON-X59 BLACK
SDS code	: 8218115
	KN309QF/25KG

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Reco	mmended use		
Industrial use				
	Rest	rictions on use		
All other uses				
Product use	: Electrostatic coating	for use in industrial plants		
Supplier's details				
Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. 150 Columbia Street Reading, PA 19601 USA 1-610-372-3600		Akzo Nobel Coatings Ltd. 110 Woodbine Downs Blvd. Unit #4 Etobicoke, Ontario Canada M9W 5S6		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	CHEMTREC Interna accepted)	omestic Poison Control Center Customer Service +1 (800) 854-6813		
Section 2. Hazar	d identification			
Classification of the substance or mixture	SERIOUS EYE DAM SKIN SENSITIZATIO GERM CELL MUTA CARCINOGENICITY TOXIC TO REPROE	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2		
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms				
Signal word	: Danger	•		
Hazard statements	Causes serious eye May cause genetic o May cause cancer. May damage fertility May cause damage	Tay cause an allergic skin reaction. auses serious eye damage. lay cause genetic defects. lay cause cancer. lay damage fertility or the unborn child. lay cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. lay form combustible dust concentrations in air.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/7/2023	Version : 2		
Date of previous issue	: 12/13/2022	1/12	AkzoNobel	

Section 2. Hazard identification

: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Do not breathe dust or mist.
: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
: Not applicable.
: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
7,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	≥1 - ≤5	2451-62-9
carbon black, respirable powder	≥1 - ≤5	1333-86-4
crystalline silica	≥0.1 - ≤1	14808-60-7
strontium sulphate	≥0.1 - ≤1	7759-02-6

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.



Section 4. First-aid measures

Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect		<u>no, addie und delayed</u>			
Eye contact		Causes serious eye da	mage.		
Inhalation		-	oncentrations abov	ve statutory or recommer oat and lungs.	ided exposure
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic s	skin reaction.		
Ingestion	:	No known significant ei	ffects or critical ha	zards.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	oton	<u>15</u>			
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms ma pain watering redness	iy include the follow	ving:	
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms ma respiratory tract irritatio coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	'n	ving:	
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms ma pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations		ving:	
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms ma stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	-	ving:	
Indication of immediate med	dica	I attention and special	treatment neede	<u>d, if necessary</u>	
Notes to physician	:			oducts in a fire, symptoms t under medical surveillar	
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.			
Protection of first-aiders	:	is suspected that fume mask or self-contained	s are still present, breathing apparat outh-to-mouth resu	rsonal risk or without suit the rescuer should wear us. It may be dangerous uscitation. Wash contam or wear gloves.	an appropriate to the person
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 2/7/2023	V	ersion : 2	
Date of previous issue		: 12/13/2022	3,	/12	AkzoNobel

Section 4. First-aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and e	emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	Evacuate surround entering. Do not to No flares, smoking adequate ventilatio	taken involving any personal risk or without s ding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotect ouch or walk through spilled material. Shut o g or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe du on. Wear appropriate respirator when ventila e personal protective equipment.	ted personnel from ff all ignition sources. ust. Provide
For emergency responders	information in Sec	ing is required to deal with the spillage, take tion 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. S non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	drains and sewers environmental poll	spilled material and runoff and contact with s . Inform the relevant authorities if the produc lution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and clean	<u>ling up</u>	
Small spill	equipment. Avoid equipment fitted w	rom spill area. Use spark-proof tools and exp dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuun rith a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labele rial in a designated, labeled waste container. sposal contractor.	n dust with ed waste container.
Large spill	equipment. Appro courses, basemen Vacuum dust with waste container. A Dispose of via a lic	rom spill area. Use spark-proof tools and exp pach release from upwind. Prevent entry into its or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent w censed waste disposal contractor. Note: see ct information and Section 13 for waste dispos	sewers, water Do not dry sweep. in a closed, labeled vind dispersal. Section 1 for
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/7/2023	Version : 2	
Date of previous issue	: 12/13/2022	4/12	AkzoNobel

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione		CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). [1,3,5-Triglycidyl-s-triazinetrione] Skin sensitizer. TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [1,3,5-Triglycidyl-s-triazinetrione] TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [Triglycidyl isocyanurate] TWAEV: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 0.15 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
carbon black, respirable powder		CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).	
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 2/7/2023	Version :2	
ate of previous issue	: 12/13/2022	5/12 AkzoNobel	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	particulate matter.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).
	TWAEV: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable
	dust
	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	8 hrs OEL: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 7 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
crystalline silica	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	6/2017).
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
	TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable dust.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction.
	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).
	8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable particulate
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	respirable fraction
Appropriate engineering	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas,
controls	vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering
	controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any
	recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas,
	vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof
	ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some controls cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	

Skin protection



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>

Physical state	: Solid. [Powder.]
Color	: Black.
Odor	: Odorless.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable. [DIN EN 1262]
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable. [Pensky-Martens]
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: 20 - 70 g/m3
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Relative vapor density	: Not applicable.
Relative density	: 1.2 to 1.9 [ISO 8130-2/-3]
Solubility(ies)	:

Solubility(les)	•					
Media		Result				
cold water	Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]					
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.					
Auto-ignition temperature	: 450	to 600°C (842 to 11	12°F)			
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.					
Minimum ignition energy (mJ)	: 5 to 20					
Viscosity		Kinematic (room temperature): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219] Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219]				
Particle characteristics						
Median particle size	: Not	available.				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/	/7/2023		Version	:2	
Date of previous issue	: 1	:12/13/2022 7/12 Akc			AkzoNobel	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Mouse	2000 mg/m ³	4 hours
5H)-trione	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	650 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	188 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	222 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	138 mg/kg	-
carbon black, respirable powder	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
carbon black, respirable powder crystalline silica	2B 1	- Known to be a human	A3 A2
		carcinogen.	

Reproductive toxicity

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/7/2023	Version : 2	
Date of previous issue	: 12/13/2022	8/12	AkzoNobel

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Teratogenicity Not available.

NOT available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effect	<u>ts and also chronic effec</u> :	ts from short and long term exposur	<u>re</u>
<u>Short term exposure</u>			
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/7/2023	Version : 2	
Date of previous issue	: 12/13/2022	9/12	AkzoNobel

Section 11. Toxicological information

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: May cause genetic defects.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
₱5/KN309QF/USA 600 HR ON-X59 BLACK/BASEB 1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione	2391.2 100	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	12 0.5

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
carbon black, respirable powder	Acute EC50 37.563 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 61.547 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione	-0.8	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists	
Canadian NPRI	: None of the components are listed.
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.
Inventory list	
Canada	: At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.



Section 16. Other information

History	
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Version	: 2
Unique ID	:
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS - Category 1	On basis of test data
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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