

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

JL00FQF INT 600 RAL 7023 CONCRETE GRAY U1578-1

## **Section 1. Identification**

#### Product identifier SDS code

 : JL00FQF INT 600 RAL 7023 CONCRETE GRAY U1578-1
 : 8208557 JL00FQF/25KG

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Recommended use	
Industrial use		
	Restrictions on use	
All other uses		
Product use	: Electrostatic coating for use in industrial plants	
Supplier's details		
Akzo Nobel Coating 150 Columbia Stree Reading, PA 19601 1-610-372-3600	et 110 Woodbine Downs Blvd.	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)		
Section 2. Hazard identification		
Classification of the substance or mixture	: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	



## Section 2. Hazard identification

Hazard statements	: Harmful if swallowed.
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	Causes serious eye damage.
	May cause genetic defects.
	Suspected of causing cancer.
	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Manium dioxide	≥5 - ≤10	13463-67-7
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	≥5 - ≤10	2451-62-9
cobalt chromite green spinel	≥1 - ≤5	68187-49-5
carbon black, respirable powder	≥0.1 - ≤1	1333-86-4
strontium sulphate	≥0.1 - ≤1	7759-02-6

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye	contact
-----	---------

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.



## Section 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.		
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations a limits may cause irritation of the nose,		ded exposure
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.		
Over-exposure signs/sympto	oms		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the fo pain watering redness	llowing:	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the for respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	llowing:	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the for pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	llowing:	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the for stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	llowing:	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/7/2023	Version : 2	
Date of previous issue	: 12/15/2022	3/14	AkzoNobel

## Section 4. First-aid measures

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained</li> <li>breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/7/2023	Version : 2	
Date of previous issue	: 12/15/2022	4/14	AkzoNobel

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>



# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
titanium dioxide		<ul> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).</li> <li>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>TWAEV: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>Skin sensitizer.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total dust</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 20 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> </ul>
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5- cobalt chromite green spinel	triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). [1,3,5-Triglycidyl-s-triazinetrione]</li> <li>Skin sensitizer. TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[1,3,5-Triglycidyl-s-triazinetrione] TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>[Triglycidyl isocyanurate] TWAEV: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>[Triglycidyl isocyanurate] TWAEV: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 0.15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[Cobalt and inorganic compounds] TWA: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Co) 8 hours. Form:</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). [hexavalent chromium compounds] Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>[Chromium Metal and Cr III compounds]</li> <li>Skin sensitizer. 8 hrs OEL: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Cr) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>[Chromium (III) compounds]</li> <li>TWAEV: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Cr) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>[Chromium (III) compounds]</li> <li>TWAEV: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Cr) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>[Chromium (III) compounds]</li> <li>TWAEV: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Cr) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>[Chromium (III) compounds]</li> <li>TWAEV: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Cr) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).</li> <li>[Cobalt and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.</li> <li>TWA: 0.02 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Co, Total) 8 hours.</li> </ul>
		STEL: 0.06 mg/m³, (measured as Co) 15 minutes.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/7/2023	Version : 2 6/14 AkzoNobel
Date of previous issue	: 12/15/2022	6/14 AKZONODEI

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Co) 8
	hours.
carbon black, respirable powder	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	3/2022).
	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	particulate matter.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).
	TWAEV: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable
	dust
	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	8 hrs OEL: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls		vapor or mist, use proc controls to keep worke recommended or statu vapor or dust concentr	cess enclosures, local exha r exposure to airborne con itory limits. The engineerir	tions generate dust, fumes, gas, aust ventilation or other engineering taminants below any ng controls also need to keep gas, plosive limits. Use explosion-proof
Environmental exposure controls	:	they comply with the recases, fume scrubbers		
Individual protection meas	ures			
Hygiene measures		eating, smoking and u Appropriate technique Contaminated work clo contaminated clothing	sing the lavatory and at the s should be used to remove othing should not be allowe	handling chemical products, before e end of the working period. e potentially contaminated clothing. ed out of the workplace. Wash at eyewash stations and safety
Eye/face protection		assessment indicates gases or dusts. If con unless the assessmen	this is necessary to avoid e tact is possible, the followin t indicates a higher degree	dard should be used when a risk exposure to liquid splashes, mists, ng protection should be worn, of protection: chemical splash exist, a full-face respirator may be
Skin protection				
Hand protection		be worn at all times wh this is necessary. Cor check during use that should be noted that th different for different g	nen handling chemical proc isidering the parameters sp the gloves are still retaining ne time to breakthrough for	with an approved standard should ducts if a risk assessment indicates becified by the glove manufacturer, g their protective properties. It any glove material may be case of mixtures, consisting of oves cannot be accurately
Body protection			he risks involved and shou	ld be selected based on the task ld be approved by a specialist
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear a selected based on the	and any additional skin prot	ection measures should be the risks involved and should be duct.
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 2/7/2023	Version	:2
Date of previous issue		: 12/15/2022	7/14	AkzoNobel

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

```
Respiratory protection
```

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### Appearance

Modia	Posult
Solubility(ies)	:
Relative density	: 1.2 to 1.9 [ISO 8130-2/-3]
Relative vapor density	: Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: 20 - 70 g/m3
Flammability	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable. [Pensky-Martens]
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable. [DIN EN 1262]
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Odor	: Odorless.
Color	: Gray.
Physical state	: Solid. [Powder.]

Media		Result
cold water		Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not	applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 450	to 600°C (842 to 1112°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not	available.
Minimum ignition energy (mJ)	: 5 to	20
Viscosity		ematic (room temperature): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219] ematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219]
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	: Not	available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.



## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Mouse	2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	650 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	188 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	222 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	138 mg/kg	-
carbon black, respirable powder	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
titanium dioxide	2B	-	A4
cobalt chromite green spinel	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.	A3
carbon black, respirable powder	2B	-	A3

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/7/2023	Version : 2	
Date of previous issue	: 12/15/2022	9/14	AkzoNobel

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione	Category 2	-	-

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	<u>i</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation		Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		



## Section 11. Toxicological information

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	<ul> <li>Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.</li> </ul>
Mutagenicity	: May cause genetic defects.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
₱5/JL00FQF/USA RAL7023 GRAY U1578-1/BASE 1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	9.5 0.5

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
carbon black, respirable powder	Acute EC50 37.563 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 61.547 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**



## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione	-0.8	-	low

#### <u>Mobility in soil</u>

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.<br/>Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply<br/>with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and<br/>any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable<br/>products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of<br/>untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities<br/>with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill<br/>should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its<br/>container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling<br/>emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or<br/>liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and<br/>runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

**Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments



## Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists	
Canadian NPRI	: The following components are listed: chromium (and its compounds)
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.
Inventory list	
Canada	: At least one component is not listed.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 7 February 2023
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 7 February 2023
Date of previous issue	: 15 December 2022
Version	: 2
Unique ID	:
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS - Category 1	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

#### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/7/2023	Version : 2	
Date of previous issue	: 12/15/2022	13/14	AkzoNobel

JL00FQF INT 600 RAL 7023 CONCRETE GRAY U1578-1

## Section 16. Other information

Brand names mentioned in this data sheet are trademarks of or are licensed to Akzo Nobel.

