

SAFETY DATA SHEET

JL095QF INT 600 RAL 7012 BASALT GREY U1578-1

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier SDS code

 JL095QF INT 600 RAL 7012 BASALT GREY U1578-1
 8138871 JL095QF/25KG

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| | Recommende | ed use |
|--|--|--|
| Industrial use | | |
| | Restrictions | on use |
| All other uses | | |
| Product use | : Electrostatic coating for use i | n industrial plants |
| Supplier's details | | |
| Akzo Nobel Coatin 150 Columbia Stre Reading, PA 1960 1-610-372-3600 | usa Un | zo Nobel Coatings Ltd. 0 Woodbine Downs Blvd. it #4 Etobicoke, Ontario nada M9W 5S6 |
| Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) | : CHEMTREC +1 (800) 424-93 CHEMTREC International +7 accepted) 24 hours | 300 (Inside the US) I (703) 527-3887 (Outside the US, collect calls |
| Section 2. Hazar | l identification | |
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS - Ca ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Ca SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - C SKIN SENSITIZATION - Cate GERM CELL MUTAGENICIT CARCINOGENICITY - Categ SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN | ategory 4 ategory 1 agory 1 Y - Category 1 |
| <u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms | | !> |
| 0 | _ | |

| Signal word | : Danger |
|-------------------|--|
| Hazard statements | : Harmful if swallowed. |
| | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| | Causes serious eye damage. |
| | May cause genetic defects. |
| | May cause cancer. |
| | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| | May form combustible dust concentrations in air. |

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Section 2. Hazard identification

| Precautionary statements | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Prevention | : Øbtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. |
| Response | : F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. |
| Storage | : Store locked up. |
| Disposal | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | : Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Other means of | : Not available. |
| identification | |

| Ingredient name | % (w/w) | CAS number |
|--|-----------|------------|
| Manium dioxide | ≥5 - ≤10 | 13463-67-7 |
| 1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione | ≥1 - ≤5 | 2451-62-9 |
| cobalt chromite green spinel | ≥1 - ≤5 | 68187-49-5 |
| carbon black, respirable powder | ≥0.1 - ≤1 | 1333-86-4 |
| Crystalline Silica as quartz not respirable,>10µm | ≥0.1 - ≤1 | 14808-60-7 |

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

| Description of necessary fi | <u>rst ald measures</u> | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Eye contact | flush eyes with plenty of v Check for and remove ar | mediately. Call a poison center or phy water, occasionally lifting the upper ar ny contact lenses. Continue to rinse f treated promptly by a physician. | nd lower eyelids. |
| Inhalation | victim to fresh air and ke suspected that fumes are or self-contained breathir respiratory arrest occurs, It may be dangerous to th resuscitation. If unconsc immediately. Maintain an belt or waistband. In cas | mediately. Call a poison center or phy ep at rest in a position comfortable for e still present, the rescuer should weat ng apparatus. If not breathing, if breat, provide artificial respiration or oxyget he person providing aid to give mouth cious, place in recovery position and g n open airway. Loosen tight clothing s se of inhalation of decomposition prod ed. The exposed person may need to | r breathing. If it is r an appropriate mask thing is irregular or if n by trained personnel. -to-mouth et medical attention such as a collar, tie, ucts in a fire, |
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Section 4. First-aid measures

| | medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
|--------------|--|
| Skin contact | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health effect | ts | |
|---------------------------------|------|---|
| Eye contact | | Causes serious eye damage. |
| Inhalation | : | Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. |
| Skin contact | : | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : | Harmful if swallowed. |
| <u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u> | ton | <u>15</u> |
| Eye contact | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |
| Inhalation | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing |
| Skin contact | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur |
| Ingestion | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains |
| Indication of immediate med | lica | l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician | : | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Specific treatments | : | No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|---|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical powder. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| For emergency responders | : | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| | | |

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

| Small spill | : Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
|-------------|---|
| Large spill | : Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for |

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.



Section 7. Handling and storage

| | - | |
|--|---|--|
| Precautions for safe handling | 3 | |
| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |
| | | |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | | Exposure limits | | |
|--|------------|---|---|--|
| Manium dioxide 1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione | | CA British Columbia 3/2022). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hou TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hou fraction CA Quebec Provincia TWAEV: 10 mg/m ³ 8 dust. CA Alberta Provincia Skin sensitizer. 8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m ³ CA Ontario Provincia TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 ho CA Saskatchewan Pr 7/2013). STEL: 20 mg/m ³ 15 r TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 ho | urs. Form: Total dust rs. Form: respirable al (Canada, 6/2021). hours. Form: Total I (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hours. al (Canada, 6/2019). urs. Form: total dust rovincial (Canada, minutes. | |
| 1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione | | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, | | |
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| L., | | |
|-----|---|---|
| | cobalt chromite green spinel | 3/2022). [1,3,5-Triglycidyl-s-triazinetrione] Skin sensitizer. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [1,3,5-Triglycidyl-s-triazinetrione] TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [Triglycidyl isocyanurate] TWAEV: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 0.15 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds] TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. Form: CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). [hexavalent chromium compounds] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). |
| | | [Chromium Metal and Cr III compounds] Skin sensitizer. 8 hrs OEL: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Cr) 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [Chromium (III) compounds] TWAEV: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Cr) 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co, Total) 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds] STEL: 0.06 mg/m ³ , (measured as Co) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (measured as Co) 8 hours. |
| | carbon black, respirable powder | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable particulate matter. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWAEV: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 7 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 2 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | Crystalline Silica as quartz not respirable,>10μm | TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). |
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| TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: |
|--|
| Respirable dust. |
| CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). |
| TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable |
| fraction. |
| CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). |
| 8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: |
| Respirable particulate |
| CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, |
| 7/2013). |
| TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: |
| respirable fraction |
| |
| |

| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Environmental exposure | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure |

controls . Emissions from ventration of work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

| Hygiene measures | eating, smoking and u | s and face thoroughly after handling c sing the lavatory and at the end of the | e working period. |
|--------------------------------|--|--|---|
| | Contaminated work clo contaminated clothing | s should be used to remove potential othing should not be allowed out of th before reusing. Ensure that eyewasl he workstation location. | ne workplace. Wash |
| Eye/face protection | assessment indicates gases or dusts. If con unless the assessmen | ying with an approved standard shou this is necessary to avoid exposure to tact is possible, the following protection t indicates a higher degree of protect nield. If inhalation hazards exist, a ful | o liquid splashes, mists, on should be worn, tion: chemical splash |
| Skin protection | | | |
| Hand protection | be worn at all times wh this is necessary. Cor check during use that should be noted that th different for different g | pervious gloves complying with an ap nen handling chemical products if a ri- nsidering the parameters specified by the gloves are still retaining their prot ne time to breakthrough for any glove love manufacturers. In the case of m re protection time of the gloves canno | isk assessment indicates the glove manufacturer, tective properties. It material may be nixtures, consisting of |
| Body protection | | uipment for the body should be selec he risks involved and should be appro oduct. | |
| Other skin protection | selected based on the | and any additional skin protection me task being performed and the risks in st before handling this product. | |
| Respiratory protection | appropriate standard o | and potential for exposure, select a re or certification. Respirators must be u program to ensure proper fitting, train | used according to a |
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

| Physical state | : : | Solid. [Powder.] |
|--|-----|--|
| Color | : (| Gray. |
| Odor | : (| Odorless. |
| Odor threshold | : | Not available. |
| рН | : ! | Not applicable. [DIN EN 1262] |
| Melting point/freezing point | : | Not available. |
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | : | Not available. |
| Flash point | : / | Closed cup: Not applicable. [Pensky-Martens] |
| Flammability | : ! | Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit | : : | 20 - 70 g/m3 |
| Vapor pressure | : ! | Not available. |
| Relative vapor density | : ! | Not applicable. |
| Relative density | : | 1.2 to 1.9 [ISO 8130-2/-3] |
| Solubility(ies) | : | |
| Media | | Result |
| cold water | | Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)] |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not applicable. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : 4 | 450 to 600°C (842 to 1112°F) |
| Decomposition temperature | : / | Not available. |
| | | |

| Minimum ignition energy (mJ) | : | 5 to 20 |
|---|---|--|
| Viscosity | : | Kinematic (room temperature): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219] Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219] |
| Particle characteristics | | |
| Median particle size | : | Not available. |
| Percentage of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm | : | Ø |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation. |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|---------------------------------|---------|------------------------|----------|
| 1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Mouse | 2000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 650 mg/m³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 188 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 222 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 138 mg/kg | - |
| carbon black, respirable powder | LD50 Oral | Rat | >15400 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|--|------------------------|---------|-------|----------|-------------|
| 1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | IARC | NTP | ACGIH |
|---|------|--|-------|
| titanium dioxide | 2B | - | A4 |
| cobalt chromite green spinel | 2B | Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. | A3 |
| carbon black, respirable powder | 2B | - | A3 |
| Crystalline Silica as quartz not respirable,>10µm | 1 | Known to be a human carcinogen. | A2 |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|----------------------|---------------|
| 1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione | Category 2 | - | - |

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

| Information on the likely | : Not available. |
|---------------------------|------------------|
|---------------------------|------------------|

routes of exposure

| Potential acute health effects | |
|--------------------------------|--|

| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye damage. |
|-------------|------------------------------|
|-------------|------------------------------|

- Inhalation: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure
limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains |

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

| Short term exposure | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Long term exposure | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health eff | ects |
| Not available. | |
| General | : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | : May cause genetic defects. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Numerical measures of toxicity

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Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/ kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | | N/A N/A | N/A N/A | N/A N/A | 9.6 0.5 |

Section 12. Ecological information

| Toxicity | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|----------|
| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
| titanium dioxide | Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| carbon black, respirable powder | Acute EC50 37.563 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 61.547 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|--|-----------------|-----|-----------|
| 1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione | -0.8 | - | low |
| Mobility in soil | • Not available | | |

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

| | TDG Classification | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|
| UN number | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| UN proper shipping name | - | - | - |
| Transport hazard class(es) | - | - | - |
| Packing group | - | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. |

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

| Canadian lists | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Canadian NPRI | : The following components are listed: chromium (and its compounds) |
| CEPA Toxic substances | : None of the components are listed. |
| Inventory list | |
| Canada | : Not determined. |
| United States | : Not determined. |

| Date of issue/Date of revision | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Date of previous issue | |



Section 16. Other information

| History | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Date of printing | : 6 June 2023 |
| Date of issue/ Date of revision | : 6 June 2023 |
| Date of previous issue | : 7 February 2023 |
| Version | : 1.02 |
| Unique ID | : |
| Key to abbreviations | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations |

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|---|-----------------------|
| COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS - Category 1 | On basis of test data |
| ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 | Calculation method |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 | Calculation method |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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