

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

#### ML002QF E0-71027 INTERPON ACE 1010 AGCO GRAY

## **Section 1. Identification**

Product	identifier
SDS cod	le

: ML002QF E0-71027 INTERPON ACE 1010 AGCO GRAY : 8134722 ML002QF/25KG

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Recommended use		
Industrial use			
Restrictions on use			
All other uses			
Product use	: Electrostatic coating for use in industrial plants		
Supplier's details			
Akzo Nobel Coatin 150 Columbia Stre Reading, PA 1960 1-610-372-3600	et 110 Woodbine Downs Blvd.		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	<ul> <li>CHEMTREC +1 (800) 424-9300 (Inside the US) CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 (Outside the US, collect calls accepted) Domestic Poison Control Center Customer Service +1 (800) 854-6813 24 hours</li> </ul>		
Section 2. Hazard	d identification		
Classification of the substance or mixture	: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1		
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Danger		
Hazard statements	: May cause cancer. May form combustible dust concentrations in air.		
Precautionary statements			

#### Prevention

Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/1/2023	Version : 1.02	
Date of previous issue	: 2/1/2023	1/12	AkzoNobel

## Section 2. Hazard identification

Supplemental label<br/>elements: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open<br/>flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
titanium dioxide	≥1 - ≤5	13463-67-7
carbon black, respirable powder	≥0.1 - ≤1	1333-86-4
crystalline silica	≥0.1 - ≤1	14808-60-7

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.		
Inhalation		ncentrations above statutory or reco n of the nose, throat and lungs.	mmended exposure
Skin contact	: No known significant eff	ects or critical hazards.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/1/2023	Version : 1.02	
Date of previous issue	: 2/1/2023	2/12	AkzoNobe

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### Section 4. First-aid measures

Section 4. First-al	u IIIeasuies		
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing		
Skin contact	: No specific data.		
Ingestion	: No specific data.		
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.		

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

-	_
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>



### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	:	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up		
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.		

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	obtain special ins have been read a ingest. Avoid bre possible sources with adequate ver inadequate. Keep compatible mater lighting should be contact with hot s measures agains static electricity d before transferrin	e personal protective equipment (see Sec tructions before use. Do not handle until and understood. Do not get in eyes or on athing dust. Avoid the creation of dust wi of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust ntilation. Wear appropriate respirator whe p in the original container or an approved ial, kept tightly closed when not in use. E protected to appropriate standards to pre urfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. t electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire o uring transfer by grounding and bonding o g material. Empty containers retain produ- ot reuse container.	all safety precautions skin or clothing. Do not hen handling and avoid all accumulation. Use only en ventilation is alternative made from a clectrical equipment and event dust coming into Take precautionary r explosion, dissipate containers and equipment
Advice on general occupational hygiene	handled, stored a eating, drinking a	nd smoking should be prohibited in areas nd processed. Workers should wash har nd smoking. Remove contaminated cloth e entering eating areas. See also Section giene measures.	nds and face before ning and protective
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	area. Store in ori ventilated area, a drink. Store locke materials. Keep o that have been op leakage. Do not	ace with local regulations. Store in a segreginal container protected from direct sunl way from incompatible materials (see Sec ed up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Sep container tightly closed and sealed until re- bened must be carefully resealed and kep store in unlabeled containers. Use appro- ntal contamination. See Section 10 for inco-	ight in a dry, cool and well- ction 10) and food and parate from oxidizing eady for use. Containers of upright to prevent priate containment to
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/1/2023	Version : 1.02	
Date of previous issue	: 2/1/2023	4/12	AkzoNobel

## Section 7. Handling and storage

before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
titanium dioxide	<ul> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).</li> <li>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>TWAEV: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>Skin sensitizer.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> </ul>
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total dust CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
carbon black, respirable powder	<ul> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).</li> <li>TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable</li> <li>particulate matter.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>TWAEV: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable</li> <li>dust</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 7 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> </ul>
crystalline silica	<ul> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).</li> <li>TWA: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> <li>TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</li> <li>TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction</li> </ul>



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### Appearance

Physical state	:	Solid. [Powder.]
Color	:	Gray.
Odor	:	Odorless.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable. [DIN EN 1262]
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/1/2023	Version : 1.02	
Date of previous issue	: 2/1/2023	6/12	AkzoNobel

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

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Solubility(ies)	:
Relative density	: 1.2 to 1.9 [ISO 8130-2/-3]
Relative vapor density	: Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: 20 - 70 g/m3
Flammability	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable. [Pensky-Martens]
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.

Media		Result
cold water		Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not	applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 450	to 600°C (842 to 1112°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.	
Minimum ignition energy (mJ)	: 5 to	20
Viscosity		ematic (room temperature): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219] ematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219]
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	: Not	available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Date of issue/Date of revision		
Date of previous issue		



## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
carbon black, respirable powder	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
titanium dioxide carbon black, respirable powder	2B 2B	-	A4 A3
crystalline silica	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.	A2

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

#### Information on the likely : Not available.

#### routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.

## Inhalation : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. Objects Nucleus initiation of the nose, throat and lungs.

- **Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation
	redness

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/1/2023	Version : 1.02	
Date of previous issue	: 2/1/2023	8/12	AkzoNobel

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ec	<u>IS</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
carbon black, respirable	Acute EC50 37.563 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/1/2023	Version : 1.02	
Date of previous issue	: 2/1/2023	9/12	AkzoNobe

powder	Acute LC50 61.547 mg	g/l Fresh water	Neonate Daphnia - Daphnia magn Neonate	a - 48 hours
Persistence and deg Not available.	<u>radability</u>			
Bioaccumulative por Not available.	<u>tential</u>			
<u>Mobility in soil</u> Soil/water partition coefficient (K <sub>oc</sub> )	: Not available.			
Other adverse effect	<b>s :</b> No known significa	nt effects or critica	al hazards.	
Section 13. D	)isposal considerat	ions		
	with the requirement any regional local a products via a licen untreated to the sev with jurisdiction. W should only be cons container must be c emptied containers liners may retain so	nts of environmen authority requirements sed waste dispos wer unless fully co faste packaging sisidered when recy disposed of in a sa that have not bee ome product resid	Id any by-products should a tal protection and waste dis ents. Dispose of surplus a al contractor. Waste shou ompliant with the requirement hould be recycled. Incinera voling is not feasible. This afe way. Care should be taken cleaned or rinsed out. E ues. Avoid dispersal of spi ys, drains and sewers.	sposal legislation and nd non-recyclable Id not be disposed of ents of all authorities ation or landfill material and its iken when handling mpty containers or
Section 14. T	ransport information	on		
	ded in section 14 is based on a b ble for ensuring the proper trans ant mode of transport.			
	TDG Classification	IMI	DG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regula	ated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	
		1		
Packing group	-	-	-	

ML002QF E0-71027 INTERPON ACE 1010 AGCO GRAY

Section 12. Ecological information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/1/2023	Version : 1.02	
Date of previous issue	: 2/1/2023	10/12	AkzoNobel

## Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

<u>Canadian lists</u>	
Canadian NPRI	: None of the components are listed.
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.
Inventory list	
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 7 February 2023
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 1 February 2023
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Version	: 1.02
Unique ID	:
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
5,5	On basis of test data Calculation method

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

#### FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/1/2023	Version : 1.02	
Date of previous issue	: 2/1/2023	11/12	AkzoNobel

ML002QF E0-71027 INTERPON ACE 1010 AGCO GRAY

## Section 16. Other information

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Date of issue/Date of revision
Date of previous issue

