Interpon.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

EA001QF 40-1012 INTERPON 700 SNOW WHITE

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier	: EA001QF 40-1012 INTERPON 700 SNOW WHITE
SDS code	: 8121291
	EA001QF/25KG

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Recommended use	
Industrial use		
	Restrictions on use	
All other uses		
Product use	: Electrostatic coating for use in industrial plants	
Supplier's details		
Akzo Nobel Coatir 150 Columbia Stre Reading, PA 1960	eet 110 Woodbine Downs Blvd.	
1-610-372-3600		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +1 (800) 424-9300 (Inside the US) CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 (Outside the US, collect calls accepted) 24 hours	
Section 2. Hazar	d identification	
Classification of the substance or mixture	: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS - Category 1 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	 May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May form combustible dust concentrations in air. 	
Precautionary statements	<u>s</u>	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing dust or mist.	

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/27/2023	Version : 1.02	
Date of previous issue	: 2/6/2023	1/12	AkzoNobel

Section 2. Hazard identification

Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Manium dioxide	≥10 - ≤30	13463-67-7
benzene-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid 1,2-anhydride	≥0.1 - ≤1	552-30-7
propylidynetrimethanol	≥0.1 - ≤1	77-99-6

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary fir	<u>st aid measures</u>		
Eye contact		ith plenty of water, occasionally lifting the move any contact lenses. Continue to ention.	
Inhalation	If it is suspected that fum mask or self-contained bu or if respiratory arrest occ personnel. It may be dar resuscitation. Get medic If unconscious, place in r Maintain an open airway.	ir and keep at rest in a position comfort es are still present, the rescuer should reathing apparatus. If not breathing, if I curs, provide artificial respiration or oxy gerous to the person providing aid to g al attention. If necessary, call a poison ecovery position and get medical attent Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, of any complaints or symptoms, avoid fu	wear an appropriate preathing is irregular gen by trained ive mouth-to-mouth center or physician. ion immediately. tie, belt or
Skin contact	Wash contaminated cloth gloves. Continue to rinse	and water. Remove contaminated clo ing thoroughly with water before remove for at least 10 minutes. Get medical a or symptoms, avoid further exposure. V bughly before reuse.	ring it, or wear ttention. In the
Ingestion	swallowed and the expose drink. Stop if the expose induce vomiting unless di the head should be kept attention. Never give any place in recovery position	er. Remove dentures if any. If materia ed person is conscious, give small qua d person feels sick as vomiting may be rected to do so by medical personnel. ow so that vomit does not enter the lun thing by mouth to an unconscious pers and get medical attention immediately hing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistba	ntities of water to dangerous. Do not If vomiting occurs, gs. Get medical on. If unconscious, . Maintain an open
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/27/2023	Version : 1.02	
Date of previous issue	: 2/6/2023	2/12	AkzoNobel

Section 4. First-aid measures

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate medic	al attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical powd	er.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Avoid high pressure me explosible dust-air mixte	dia which could cause the formation of ure.	a potentially
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: May form explosible due	st-air mixture if dispersed.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/27/2023	Version : 1.02	
Date of previous issue	: 2/6/2023	3/12	AkzoNobel

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

		0
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	i	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	5	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	5	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	<u>e equipment and emergency procedures</u>
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused

environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/27/2023	Version : 1.02
Date of previous issue	: 2/6/2023	4/12



Section 7. Handling and storage

	with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits	
Manium dioxide	2-anhydride	 CA British Columbia Provincial (Cat 3/2022). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Tota TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respir- fraction CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/20 TWAEV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: To dust. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/20 Skin sensitizer. 8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/20 TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: total CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 6/20 TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: total CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 6/20 TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/20 Absorbed through skin. STEL: 0.002 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Forr: Inhalable fraction and vapour. TWA: 0.0005 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapour. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). Absorbed through skin. Sk sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. C: 0.04 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inh vapour and aerosol CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/20 Absorbed through skin. Skin sensiti STEV: 0.002 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inh vapour and aerosol CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/20 Absorbed through skin. Skin sensiti STEV: 0.002 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inh 	l dust able (21). otal (18). (19). dust da, (19). n: (19). n: (19). (19)
lete of issue/Date of revision ·	3/27/2023	Version :1.02	
			Johe
	3/27/2023 2/6/2023	Version 5/12	: 1.02 Akzon

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	inhalable dust and vapor fraction CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). C: 0.04 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). CEIL: 0.04 mg/m³
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	Ires
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	:	Solid. [Powder.]
Color	:	White.
Odor	:	Odorless.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable. [DIN EN 1262]
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: Not applicable. [Pensky-Martens]
		Closed cup: Not applicable. [Pensky-Martens] Not available.
Flash point	:	
Flash point Flammability Lower and upper explosion	:	Not available.
Flash point Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	::	Not available. 20 - 70 g/m3
Flash point Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit Vapor pressure	::	Not available. 20 - 70 g/m3 Not available.

Media		Result
cold water		Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not	applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 450	to 600°C (842 to 1112°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not	available.
Minimum ignition energy (mJ)	: 5 to	20
Viscosity		ematic (room temperature): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219] ematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219]
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	: Not	available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Date of previous issue	: 2/6/2023	7/12	AkzoNobel		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/27/2023	Version : 1.02			
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible oxidizing materials	with the following materials:			
Conditions to avoid	(spark or flame). Take p To avoid fire or explosion	t when handling and avoid all poss recautionary measures against ele , dissipate static electricity during t ,nd equipment before transferring r	ctrostatic discharges. ransfer by grounding		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions	of storage and use, hazardous rea	ctions will not occur.		
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.				
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.				

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
enzene-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid 1,2-anhydride	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1900 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	5600 mg/kg	-
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Oral	Mouse	13700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	14000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
Manium dioxide	2B	-	A4

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
benzene-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid 1,2-anhydride	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/27/2023	Version : 1.02	
Date of previous issue	: 2/6/2023	8/12	AkzoNobel

Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	 Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. 	
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
-	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure	
<u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure	: Not available.	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health effe Not available.	<u>ects</u>	
General	: Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.	
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
Numerical measures of toxic	ity	

Acute toxicity estimates

N/A



Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute EC50 13000000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 14400000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Penzene-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid 1,2-anhydride	0.06	-	low
	-0.47	<1	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/27/2023	Version : 1.02	
Date of previous issue	: 2/6/2023	10/12	AkzoNobel

Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists	
Canadian NPRI	: None of the components are listed.
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.
Inventory list	
Canada	 At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

History			
Date of printing	: 27 March 2023		
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 27 March 2023		
Date of previous issue	: 6 February 2023		
Version	: 1.02		
Unique ID	:		
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available 		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/27/2023	Version : 1.02	Alima bla bai
Date of previous issue	: 2/6/2023	11/12	AkzoNobe

Section 16. Other information

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS - Category 1 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1	On basis of test data Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	Calculation method Calculation method
TOXIC TO RELINODUCTION - Category 2	Calculation method

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

Brand names mentioned in this data sheet are trademarks of or are licensed to Akzo Nobel.

