

SAFETY DATA SHEET

JL070QF 33-9110 INTERPON 600 SILVER METALLIC

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier SDS code JL070QF 33-9110 INTERPON 600 SILVER METALLIC
 8121290 JL070QF/25KG

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use				
Industrial use				
	Restrictions on use			
All other uses				
Product use :	Product use : Electrostatic coating for use in industrial plants			
Supplier's details				
Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc 150 Columbia Street Reading, PA 19601 USA	110 Woodbine Downs Blvd.			
1-610-372-3600				
Emergency telephone : number (with hours of operation)	CHEMTREC +1 (800) 424-9300 (Inside the US) CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 (Outside the US, collect calls accepted) 24 hours			
Section 2. Hazard identification				
Classification of the : substance or mixture	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1			

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger



Section 2. Hazard identification

Hazard statements	 Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Other means of	:	Not available.
identification		

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Manium dioxide	≥10 - ≤30	13463-67-7
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione	≥5 - ≤10	2451-62-9
chrome antimony titanium buff rutile	≥1 - ≤5	68186-90-3
carbon black, respirable powder	≥0.1 - ≤1	1333-86-4
propylidynetrimethanol	≥0.1 - ≤1	77-99-6

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye	contact
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: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.



Section 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damag	e.	
Inhalation		entrations above statutory or reco f the nose, throat and lungs.	mmended exposure
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin	reaction.	
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.		
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	nptoms		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may inc pain watering redness	lude the following:	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may inc respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	lude the following:	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may inc pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	lude the following:	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may inc stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	lude the following:	
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Section 4. First-aid measures

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

	-
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Manium dioxide	 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWAEV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Skin sensitizer. 8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: total dust CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-trione chrome antimony titanium buff rutile	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). [1,3,5-Triglycidyl-s-triazinetrione] Skin sensitizer. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [1,3,5-Triglycidyl-s-triazinetrione] TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [Triglycidyl isocyanurate] TWAEV: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 0.15 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). [hexavalent chromium compounds] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.
carbon black, respirable powder	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Antimony & compounds] 8 hrs OEL: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). [Antimony and compounds] TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [Antimony, metal and compounds] TWAEV: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Antimony and compounds] TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Antimony and compounds] TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Antimony and compounds] STEL: 1.5 mg/m³, (measured as Sb) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (measured as Sb) 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).	
TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable particulate matter.	
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021)	-
TWAEV: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: inhalab	
dust	
CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).	
8 hrs OEL: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,	
7/2013).	
STEL: 7 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.	
TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure

they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some controls cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Date of previous issue

Hygiene measures		s and face thoroughly after handling (sing the lavatory and at the end of th	
	Appropriate techniques Contaminated work clo contaminated clothing	sing the lavatory and at the end of the s should be used to remove potentia othing should not be allowed out of the before reusing. Ensure that eyewas ne workstation location.	lly contaminated clothing. ne workplace. Wash
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates gases or dusts. If con unless the assessmen	ying with an approved standard shou this is necessary to avoid exposure t tact is possible, the following protect t indicates a higher degree of protec nield. If inhalation hazards exist, a fu	o liquid splashes, mists, ion should be worn, tion: chemical splash
Skin protection			
Hand protection	be worn at all times wh this is necessary. Con check during use that should be noted that th different for different g	pervious gloves complying with an a nen handling chemical products if a r isidering the parameters specified by the gloves are still retaining their pro- ne time to breakthrough for any glove love manufacturers. In the case of n e protection time of the gloves canno	isk assessment indicates the glove manufacturer, tective properties. It material may be nixtures, consisting of
Body protection		uipment for the body should be seled he risks involved and should be appr oduct.	
Other skin protection	selected based on the	and any additional skin protection me task being performed and the risks i st before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	appropriate standard o	and potential for exposure, select a re or certification. Respirators must be program to ensure proper fitting, train	used according to a
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: 2/6/2023

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	: Solid. [Powder.]
Color	: Gray.
Odor	: Odorless.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable. [DIN EN 1262]
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: Not applicable. [Pensky-Martens]
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: 20 - 70 g/m3
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Relative vapor density	: Not applicable.
Relative density	: 1.2 to 1.9 [ISO 8130-2/-3]

Media		Result
cold water		Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not	applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 450	to 600°C (842 to 1112°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not	available.
Minimum ignition energy (mJ)	: 5 to	20
Viscosity		ematic (room temperature): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219] ematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219]
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	: Not	available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data relat	ed to reactivity available for this p	product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions	of storage and use, hazardous re	actions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	(spark or flame). Take p To avoid fire or explosion	t when handling and avoid all pos recautionary measures against el , dissipate static electricity during and equipment before transferring	ectrostatic discharges. transfer by grounding
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible oxidizing materials	with the following materials:	
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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
7,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl) -1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Mouse	2000 mg/m³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	650 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	188 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	222 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	138 mg/kg	-
carbon black, respirable powder	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Oral	Mouse	13700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	14000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	ACGIH
titanium dioxide	2B	-	A4
chrome antimony titanium buff rutile	-	Known to be a human	-
		carcinogen.	
carbon black, respirable powder	2B	-	A3

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)- trione	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		



Section 11. Toxicological information

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: May cause genetic defects.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
₱5/JL070QF/USA 33-9110 SILVR METALLIC/BA 1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6(1H,3H, 5H)-trione	1513.1 100	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	7.6 0.5

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
carbon black, respirable powder	Acute EC50 37.563 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 61.547 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute EC50 13000000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 14400000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.



Section 12. Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
	-0.8	-	low
5H)-trione propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	<1	low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.
Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply
with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and
any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable
products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of
untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities
with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill
should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its
container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling
emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or
liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and
runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments



Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists	
Canadian NPRI	: The following components are listed: antimony (and its compounds)
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.
Inventory list	
Canada	: Not determined.
United States	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 17 April 2023
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 17 April 2023
Date of previous issue	: 6 February 2023
Version	: 1.02
Unique ID	:
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS - Category 1	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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Section 16. Other information

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