Interpon.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PL133Q INTERPON 200 GRAY

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier SDS code : PL133Q INTERPON 200 GRAY : 8146188

PL133Q/25KG

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses
Mustrial use	
	Uses advised against
All other uses	
Product use	: Electrostatic coating for use in industrial plants
Supplier's details	
Akzo Nobel Coatings 150 Columbia Street Reading, PA 19601 L	
1-610-372-3600	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	 CHEMTREC +1 (800) 424-9300 (Inside the US) CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 (Outside the US, collect calls accepted) Domestic Poison Control Center Customer Service +1 (800) 854-6813
Section 2. Hazards	s identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	:
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: May cause cancer. May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Limestone	≥25 - ≤50	1317-65-3
titanium dioxide	≤10	13463-67-7
crystalline silica, respirable powder	<1	14808-60-7
Cobalt aluminate blue spinel	≤1	1345-16-0
crystalline silica	≤0.3	14808-60-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first	aid measures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact
- : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/13/2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 12/8/2022	2/12	AkzoNobel

Section 4. First aid measures

Section 4. First a	u measures
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. For non-emergency Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from personnel entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel". **Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Small spill : Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Large spill : Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container.

Section 13 for waste disposal.

Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for sale nationing	L		
Protective measures	obtain special instruction been read and underston Avoid breathing dust. A sources of ignition (spar adequate ventilation. W in the original container kept tightly closed when protected to appropriate sparks or other ignition s discharges. To avoid fir grounding and bonding of	onal protective equipment (see Section is before use. Do not handle until all sa od. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clo void the creation of dust when handling k or flame). Prevent dust accumulation ear appropriate respirator when ventilat or an approved alternative made from a not in use. Electrical equipment and lig standards to prevent dust coming into sources. Take precautionary measures e or explosion, dissipate static electricit containers and equipment before transfit t residue and can be hazardous. Do no	afety precautions have thing. Do not ingest. and avoid all possible b. Use only with tion is inadequate. Keep a compatible material, ghting should be contact with hot surfaces, a against electrostatic y during transfer by erring material. Empty
Advice on general occupational hygiene	handled, stored and pro drinking and smoking. F	oking should be prohibited in areas whe cessed. Workers should wash hands a Remove contaminated clothing and prot see also Section 8 for additional informa	and face before eating, tective equipment before
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in original containe area, away from incomp locked up. Eliminate all container tightly closed a opened must be carefull unlabeled containers. U	a local regulations. Store in a segregate er protected from direct sunlight in a dry atible materials (see Section 10) and fo ignition sources. Separate from oxidizi and sealed until ready for use. Containe y resealed and kept upright to prevent I se appropriate containment to avoid en tion 10 for incompatible materials befor	v, cool and well-ventilated ood and drink. Store ing materials. Keep ers that have been eakage. Do not store in wironmental
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/13/2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 12/8/2022	4/12	AkzoNobel

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Limestone	None.
titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
crystalline silica, respirable powder	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Forr
	Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form Respirable
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica, crystalline]
	TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Notes: as quartz
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as quartz) 8 hours. Form Respirable dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Silica crystalline] Notes: Respirable fraction; se
	Appendix C, paragraph C. TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	[SILICA, CRYSTALLINE] Notes: See Appendix A - NIOSH Potential
	Occupational Carcinogen TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirab dust
Cobalt aluminate blue spinel	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [cobal and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitize
	Inhalation sensitizer.
crystalline silica	TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours. OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. For Respirable
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form Respirable
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	dust OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	Notes: as quartz TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as quartz) 8 hours. Form
	Respirable dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Notes
	Respirable fraction; see Appendix C, paragraph C.
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	Notes: See Appendix A - NIOSH Potential
	3/2022 Version : 1.01
ate of previous issue : 12/8	2022 5/12 AkzoNob

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapo or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statuto limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	: Solid. [Powder.]		
Color	: Gray.		
Odor	: Odorless.		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
рН	: Not applicable. [DIN EN 126	62]	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/13/2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 12/8/2022	6/12	AkzoNobel

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Melting point/freezing point	: N	ot available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: N	ot available.
Flash point	: C	losed cup: Not applicable. [Pensky-Martens]
Flammability	: N	ot available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: 2	0 - 70 g/m3
Vapor pressure	: N	ot available.
Relative vapor density	: N	ot applicable.
Relative density	: 1	.2 to 1.9 [ISO 8130-2/-3]
Solubility(ies)	:	
,		
Media		Result
		Result Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]
Media	: N	
Media cold water Partition coefficient: n-		Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]
Media cold water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: 4	Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)] ot applicable.
Media cold water Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature	: 4 : N	Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)] Iot applicable. 50 to 600°C (842 to 1112°F)
Mediacold waterPartition coefficient: n- octanol/waterAuto-ignition temperatureDecomposition temperatureMinimum ignition energy	: 4 : N : 5 : K	Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)] lot applicable. 50 to 600°C (842 to 1112°F) lot available.

Median particle size : Not available.

Section 10. Stabil	ity and reactivity
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.



Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide crystalline silica, respirable powder	-	2B 1	- Known to be a human carcinogen.
Cobalt aluminate blue spinel crystalline silica	-		Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder	Category 1	inhalation	lungs

Aspiration hazard

Information on the likely

Not available.

routes of exposure	
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Not available

Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
---------------	--

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/13/2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 12/8/2022	8/12	AkzoNobel

Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	No specific data.
Ingestion	No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	: Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

N/A

. ..

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b):

All components are active or exempted.

State regulations

 Massachusetts
 : The following components are listed: CALCIUM CARBONATE; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; PRECIPITATED SILICA

New York : None of the components are listed.

- New Jersey : The following components are listed: CALCIUM CARBONATE; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; SILICA, AMORPHOUS, PRECIPITATE & GEL; SILICA, QUARTZ; COBALT compounds
- Pennsylvania
 : The following components are listed: LIMESTONE; TITANIUM OXIDE; PRECIPITATED SILICA

California Prop. 65

WARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level	Type of toxicity
titanium dioxide	-	-	Cancer
crystalline silica, respirable powder	-	-	Cancer
crystalline silica	-	-	Cancer
carbon black, respirable powder	-	-	Cancer

Inventory list

Canada

: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification	
COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A		On basis of test data Calculation method	
History			
Date of printing	: 7 February 2023		
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 13 December 2022		
Date of previous issue	: 8 December 2022		
Version	: 1.01		
Unique ID	:		
Key to abbreviations	IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goo LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partit	tion Factor nonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals Air Transport Association Bulk Container I Maritime Dangerous Goods	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/13/2022	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 12/8/2022	11/12	AkzoNobel

Section 16. Other information

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

Brand names mentioned in this data sheet are trademarks of or are licensed to Akzo Nobel.

