

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PD000QF 20-8021HY HYSQ 200 DESIGNR BEIGE U1579-1

Section 1. Identification **GHS** product identifier : PD000QF 20-8021HY HYSQ 200 DESIGNR BEIGE U1579-1 SDS code : 8133466 PD000QF/25KG Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Identified uses Industrial use Uses advised against All other uses Product use : Electrostatic coating for use in industrial plants Supplier's details Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. 150 Columbia Street Reading, PA 19601 USA 1-610-372-3600 **Emergency telephone** : CHEMTREC +1 (800) 424-9300 (Inside the US) number (with hours of CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 (Outside the US, collect calls accepted) operation) Domestic Poison Control Center Customer Service +1 (800) 854-6813 Section 2. Hazards identification **OSHA/HCS** status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). Classification of the : COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2** substance or mixture **TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 **GHS** label elements Hazard pictograms Signal word : Danger Hazard statements : Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (respiratory tract) May form combustible dust concentrations in air. **Precautionary statements**

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Øbtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Manium dioxide	≥10 - ≤25	13463-67-7
Cyclohexane, 5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3-trimethyl-, homopolymer, caprolactam-blocked	≤10	127184-53-6
Limestone	≤10	1317-65-3
Kaolin	≤3	1332-58-7
propylidynetrimethanol	≤0.3	77-99-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact		h plenty of water, occasionally li nove any contact lenses. Conti ntion.	
Inhalation	not breathing, if breathing i respiration or oxygen by tra aid to give mouth-to-mouth in recovery position and ge	and keep at rest in a position co s irregular or if respiratory arrest ained personnel. It may be dan resuscitation. Get medical atte t medical attention immediately as a collar, tie, belt or waistban	st occurs, provide artificial gerous to the person providing ention. If unconscious, place y. Maintain an open airway.
Skin contact		ith plenty of water. Remove co or at least 10 minutes. Get med s thoroughly before reuse.	
Ingestion	 Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. 		
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Date of previous issue	: 12/13/2022	2/12	AkzoNobel

Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Potential acute nealth	enects
Eye contact	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
Inhalation	 Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/	<u>symptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical powder. media Unsuitable extinguishing : Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture. media Specific hazards arising : May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. from the chemical Hazardous thermal : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide decomposition products carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides **Special protective actions** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if for fire-fighters there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Date of issue/Date of revision : 6/29/2023 Version : 2 **AkzoNobel** Date of previous issue : 12/13/2022 3/12

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective
equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing
apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	Evacua entering No flare ventilat	on shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. the surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from g. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. es, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ion. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on riate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	Section	alized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in a 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non- ency personnel".
Environmental precautions	and sev pollutio	lispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains wers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental n (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	tainment	t and cleaning up
Small spill	Avoid c HEPA 1	ontainers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. lust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed disposal contractor.
Large spill	Approa or conf	ontainers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. ch release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements ined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with pent fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container.

equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.



Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep
	container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
₩anium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
Cyclohexane, 5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3-trimethyl-, homopolymer, caprolactam-blocked Limestone	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles None.
Limestone	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). [Calcium carbonate] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [calcium carbonate] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total
Kaolin	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Notes: 1996 Adoption Refers to Appendix A Carcinogens. Respirable fraction; see Appendix C, paragraph C. TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
propylidynetrimethanol	None.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6/29/2023	Version :
Lower and upper explosion limit	: 20 - 70 g/m3	
Flammability	: Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.	
рН	: Not applicable. [DIN EN 1262]	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
Odor	: Odorless.	
Color	: Brown.	
Physical state	: Solid. [Powder.]	

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Date of previous issue	:12/13/2022



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Vapor pressure	: Not available.		
Relative vapor density	: Not applicable.		
Relative density	: 1	I.2 to 1.9 [ISO 8130-2/-3]	
Solubility(ies)	:		
Media		Result	
cold water		Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: N	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	: 450 to 600°C (842 to 1112°F)		
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.		
Minimum ignition energy (mJ)	: 5	5 to 20	
Viscosity		Kinematic (room temperature): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219] Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219]	
Particle characteristics			
Median particle size	: N	Not available.	
Percentage of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm	: 🕻	7	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.Chemical stability: The product is stable.Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.Conditions to avoid: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materialsHazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Conditions to avoid : Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation. Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should	Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
reactions Conditions to avoid : Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation. Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should	Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
(spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materialsHazardous decomposition: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should	-	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
oxidizing materials Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should	Conditions to avoid	(spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust
	Incompatible materials	
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute	<u>toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Oral	Mouse	13700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	14000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Sensitization Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
♥yclohexane, 5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl) -1,3,3-trimethyl-, homopolymer, caprolactam-blocked	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory tract

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure Potential acute health effects

Folential acule health enects	
Eye contact	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may in reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	clude the following:	
Skin contact	skeletal malformations : Adverse symptoms may in	clude the following:	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may in respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths	clude the following:	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may in irritation redness	Ū.	

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	: Zauses damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute EC50 19.3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 27.8 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 35.306 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute EC50 13000000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
· ··· ·	Acute LC50 14400000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours
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Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	<1	low

Mot	oility	in	soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (K _{oc})	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.



Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b):

Not determined.

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Manium dioxide Cyclohexane, 5-isocyanato-1- (isocyanatomethyl) -1,3,3-trimethyl-, homopolymer, caprolactam-blocked	≥10 - ≤25 ≤10	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
propylidynetrimethanol	≤0.3	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

State regulations

Massachusetts	 The following components are listed: TITANIUM DIOXIDE; CALCIUM CARBONATE; KAOLIN DUST
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: TITANIUM DIOXIDE; CALCIUM CARBONATE; KAOLIN
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: TITANIUM OXIDE; LIMESTONE; KAOLIN

California Prop. 65

MARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level	Type of toxicity
titanium dioxide	-	-	Cancer
Crystalline Silica, respirable part in whole product, <a>	-	-	Cancer
Crystalline Silica as quartz not respirable,>10µm	-	-	Cancer

Inventory list

Canada

: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
History		
Date of printing	: 6/29/2023	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 6/29/2023	
Date of previous issue	: 12/13/2022	
Version	: 2	
Unique ID	:	
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations	

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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