

SAFETY DATA SHEET

BL115QF 10-7793A INT REDOX PLUS GR LOW-E U1555-4

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : BL115QF 10-7793A INT REDOX PLUS GR LOW-E U1555-4

SDS code : 8132268

BL115QF/25KG

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Industrial use

Uses advised against

All other uses

Product use : Electrostatic coating for use in industrial plants

Supplier's details

Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. 150 Columbia Street Reading, PA 19601 USA

1-610-372-3600

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

number (with hours of operation)

: CHEMTREC +1 (800) 424-9300 (Inside the US)

CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 (Outside the US, collect calls accepted)

Domestic Poison Control Center Customer Service +1 (800) 854-6813

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the : CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

substance or mixture TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements: May cause cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Do not handle until all safety precautions have

been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face

protection.

Response: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Storage

: Store locked up.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national or

international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
☑mestone	≥25 - ≤50	1317-65-3
titanium dioxide	≤3	13463-67-7
cobalt chromite green spinel	≤1	68187-49-5
carbon black, respirable powder	≤0.3	1333-86-4
Crystalline Silica, respirable part in whole product, <10μm	≤0.3	14808-60-7
2-methylimidazole	≤0.3	693-98-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses if easy to do. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal

decomposition products

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
☑mestone	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	[Calcium carbonate]
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	[calcium carbonate]
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Total
titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable
	fraction, finescale particles
cobalt chromite green spinel	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	[Chromium (III) compounds (as Cr)]
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	[chromium (III) compounds]
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Chromium (III) compounds]
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Cr) 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [cobalt
	and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer.
	Inhalation sensitizer.
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.
carbon black, respirable powder	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Notes:
odi boti bidok, respitable powder	Substance identified by other sources as a
	suspected or confirmed human carcinogen.
	1996 Adoption Refers to Appendix A
	Carcinogens.
	TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	Notes: See Appendix A - NIOSH Potential
	Occupational Carcinogen See Appendix C -
	Supplemental Exposure Limits
	TWA: 3.5 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Crystalline Silica, respirable part in whole product, <10µm	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO ₂ +5) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO ₂ +2) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica,
	crystalline]
	TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

dust

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

Notes: as quartz

TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as quartz) 8 hours. Form:

Respirable dust

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica, crystalline] Notes: Respirable fraction; see

Appendix C, paragraph C.

TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form:

Respirable fraction

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [SILICA, CRYSTALLINE] Notes: See Appendix A - NIOSH Potential

Occupational Carcinogen

TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable

dust

None.

2-methylimidazole

controls

Appropriate engineering

: Vuser operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

Eased on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better. Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Solid.
Color : Gray.
Odor : Odorless.
Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not applicable. [DIN EN 1262]

Melting point/freezing point Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range : Not available.: Not applicable.

Flash point : Not applicable.
Flammability : Not available.
Lower and upper explosion : 20 - 70 g/m3

limit

Vapor pressureRelative vapor densityNot available.Not applicable.

Relative density : 1.2 to 1.9 [ISO 8130-2/-3]

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble [OECD (TG 105)]

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature

: 450 to 600°C (842 to 1112°F)

Decomposition temperature

: Not available.

Minimum ignition energy

: 5 to 20

 α

(mJ) Viscosity

: Kinematic (room temperature): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219] Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not available.

Percentage of particles with aerodynamic diameter

≤ 10 µm

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
varbon black, respirable powder	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
2-methylimidazole	LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Oral		480 mg/kg 1400 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
inanium dioxide cobalt chromite green spinel carbon black, respirable	- - -	2B 2B 2B	- Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. -
powder Crystalline Silica, respirable part in whole product, <10µm 2-methylimidazole	-	1 2B	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
⊘ rystalline Silica, respirable part in whole product, <10μm	Category 1	inhalation	lungs

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: No specific data. Eye contact

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	(Dermal (mg/kg)		(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
2 -methylimidazole	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
irtanium dioxide	Acute LC50 15.9 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
carbon black, respirable powder	Acute EC50 37.563 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 61.547 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
2-methylimidazole	Acute LC50 286000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-methylimidazole	0.24	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rules: No products found.

> TSCA 5(e) substance consent order: No products found. TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted. Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: cyanoguanidine; cobalt chromite green spinel

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals) **DEA List II Chemicals**

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

Composition/information on ingredients

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Classification
titanium dioxide	≤3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
cobalt chromite green spinel	≤1	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
carbon black, respirable powder	≤0.3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Crystalline Silica, respirable part	≤0.3	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
in whole product, <10µm		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1
2-methylimidazole	≤0.3	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	bobalt chromite green spinel	68187-49-5	≤1
Supplier notification	cobalt chromite green spinel	68187-49-5	≤1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: CALCIUM CARBONATE; TITANIUM DIOXIDE

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: CALCIUM CARBONATE; CYANIDE compounds;

TITANIUM DIOXIDE; CARBON BLACK; SILICA, QUARTZ

Pennsylvania The following components are listed: LIMESTONE; CYANIDE COMPOUNDS;

TITANIUM OXIDE

California Prop. 65

▲ WARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level	Type of toxicity
iranium dioxide	-	-	Cancer
carbon black, respirable powder	-	-	Cancer
Crystalline Silica, respirable part in whole product, <10µm	-	-	Cancer
2-methylimidazole	-	-	Cancer

Inventory list

Australia : Not determined.

Canada : MI components are listed or exempted.

China : Not determined.

Eurasian Economic Union : Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.

: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. **Japan**

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand : Not determined. **Philippines** : Not determined. Republic of Korea : Not determined. **Taiwan** : Not determined. **Thailand** : Not determined. : Not determined. **Turkey**

United States : All components are active or exempted.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Viet Nam : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
,	Calculation method Calculation method

History

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revision

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Version : 2 Unique ID :

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE: The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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