Interpon.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

AG001QF INTERPON 100 ALERT RED

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier SDS code

: AG001QF INTERPON 100 ALERT RED : 8130917

AG001QF/25KG

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses		
Mdustrial use		
	Uses advised against	
All other uses		
Product use	: Electrostatic coating for use in industrial plants	
Supplier's details		
Akzo Nobel Coatings 150 Columbia Street Reading, PA 19601 L		
1-610-372-3600		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	 CHEMTREC +1 (800) 424-9300 (Inside the US) CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 (Outside the US, collect calls accepted) Domestic Poison Control Center Customer Service +1 (800) 854-6813 	
Section 2. Hazards identification		
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).	
Classification of the substance or mixture	: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	: May cause cancer. May form combustible dust concentrations in air.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.	
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.	
Storage	: Not applicable.	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow	≤5	8007-18-9
crystalline silica	≤0.3	14808-60-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	nmediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lo velids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at lea inutes. Get medical attention.	
Inhalation	emove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breath of breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide arti- espiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person d to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconsciou recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open a cosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation ecomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed per bed to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	ficial providing s, place irway. on of
Skin contact	ush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing a noes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, o oves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash efore reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	or wear
Ingestion	Ash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swand the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Supposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vominaless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head shout performs that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never gravity by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight uch as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	top if the ting ould be give y position

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effectsEye contact: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits
may cause irritation of the eyes.Inhalation: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits
may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment. 	
Specific treatments Protection of first-aiders	 No specific treatment. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. 	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures **Extinguishing media** Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical powder. media Unsuitable extinguishing : Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture. media Specific hazards arising : May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. from the chemical Hazardous thermal : Decomposition products may include the following materials: decomposition products carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides **Special protective actions** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if for fire-fighters there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Special protective : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. equipment for fire-fighters

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on
	ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Nickel,	
	insoluble inorganic compounds]	
	TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours. Form:	
	Inhalable fraction	
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).	
	[Nickel, metal and insoluble compounds	
	(as Ni)]	
	TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours.	
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Nickel,	
	metal and insoluble compounds]	
	TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours.	
crystalline silica	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).	
	TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form:	
	Respirable	
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form:	
	Respirable	
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).	
	TWA: 50 µg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable	
	dust	
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).	
	Notes: as quartz	
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as quartz) 8 hours. Form:	
	Respirable dust	
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Notes:	
	Respirable fraction; see Appendix C,	
	paragraph C.	
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:	
	Respirable fraction	
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).	
	Notes: See Appendix A - NIOSH Potential	
	Occupational Carcinogen	
	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: respirable	
	dust	

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	es	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>				
Physical state	: Soli	d. [Powder.]		
Color	: Red	I.		
Odor	: Odd	orless.		
Odor threshold	: Not	available.		
рН	: Not	applicable. [DIN EN 1262]]	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not	available.		
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not	available.		
Flash point	: Clos	sed cup: Not applicable. [F	Pensky-Martens]	
Flammability	: Not	available.		
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: 20 -	70 g/m3		
Vapor pressure		available.		
Relative vapor density		applicable.		
Relative density	: 1.2	to 1.9 [ISO 8130-2/-3]		
Solubility(ies)	:			
Media		Result		
cold water	_	Not soluble [OESO (TG	105)]	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not	applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	: 450	to 600°C (842 to 1112°F)		
Decomposition temperature	: Not	available.		
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Median particle size

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

: Not available.

Minimum ignition energy (mJ)	: 5 to 20
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219] Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): Not applicable. [DIN EN ISO 3219]
Particle characteristics	

Section 10. Stabil	ity and reactivity
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
crystalline silica	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

enert term expectate	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Short term exposure

N/A



Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the
	requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products
	via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to
	the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
	Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered
	when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a
	safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been
	cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.
	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains
	and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

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Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States inventory All components are active or exempted. (TSCA 8b):

State regulations

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: BARIUM SULFATE
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: BARIUM SULFATE; NICKEL compounds; CYANIDE compounds
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: BARIUM SULFATE; NICKEL COMPOUNDS; CYANIDE COMPOUNDS

California Prop. 65

MARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	•	Maximum acceptable dosage level	Type of toxicity
antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow	-	-	Cancer
crystalline silica	-	-	Cancer
crystalline silica, respirable powder	-	-	Cancer

Inventory list

Canada

: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
	On basis of test data Calculation method

Н	istory	
_		

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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
-	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973
	as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations
Indicatos informatio	in that has changed from providually issued version

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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